M&E based on STEPS reports

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Pacific Island countries and territories are conducting surveillance surveys (STEPS) that provide national indicators on the prevalence of NCD risk factors. When combined, these figures provide scientific, comparable statistical information on the burden and trends of non-communicable disease in the Pacific region.

The following STEPS surveys have been conducted:

Kiribati: http://www.who.int/chp/steps/kiribati_STEPS_report_2004-6.pdf

American Samoa: http://www.who.int/chp/steps/Printed STEPS Report American Samoa.pdf

Fiji: http://www.who.int/chp/steps/FijiSTEPSReport.pdf

Micronesia: http://www.who.int/chp/steps/STEPS_Report_Micronesia.pdf

Nauru: http://www.who.int/chp/steps/Printed_STEPS_Report_Nauru.pdf

Tokelau: http://www.who.int/entity/chp/steps/STEPS_Report_Tokelau.pdf

Solomon Islands: http://www.who.int/chp/steps/2006 Solomon Islands STEPS Report.pdf

Cook Islands and Marshall Islands STEPS reports: online link yet to be provided.

The M&E framework therefore enables tracking of the implementation plan towards its strategic goals and objectives. Comprehensive information will be gathered on the prevalence of risk factors in the community and on the incidence of chronic diseases as patients present themselves at clinics and hospitals.

The key stakeholders in the M&E exercise are the Departments/Ministries of Health of Pacific Island countries and territories, donor agencies (AusAID/NZAID) and implementation agencies (SPC and WHO). These agencies will use the monitoring information to assess the effectiveness of the 2-1-22 regional strategy.

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