

Kiribati

Table B. Data Categories and Indicators Socio-demographic Data

DATA CATEGORY: National Descriptor: <i>(if different, please indicate)</i>	Poverty
BASIC COMPONENTS:	Income/consumption poverty measures. Access to services. Relevant education and health measures.
ENCOURAGED EXTENSIONS: <i>(as applicable)</i> Country-Specific Indicator: <i>(if different, please indicate)</i>	Income/consumption by households or per capita. Data disaggregated by area.
Information applies to: <i>(select from drop down list)</i>	Data Category Only
CONTACT PERSON(S): <i>(Enter the contact information of a person in the following order on separate lines: Name, Title, Agency, Address, Telephone, Fax, E-mail Address Leave a blank line between two persons' information.)</i>	
DATE METADATA UPDATED:	November 2002

I. Data Characteristics

Coverage

Briefly describe the key characteristics of the data; i.e., the features of which a user must be aware to use the data appropriately. These include the unit of measure, scope (e.g., geographic, institutional, product), statistical characteristics (e.g., seasonal adjustment, index number base year), basic data source, and accounting conventions.

No compilation of specific poverty indicators in Kiribati yet.

Periodicity:

Identify the frequency of compilation and dissemination of the data (e.g., monthly, quarterly, annual)

Not Applicable

Timeliness:

Identify the lapse of time between the end of a reference period (or a reference date) and the dissemination of the data.

Not Applicable

II. Quality

Documentation of Methodology:

Identify any publicly available statement of methodology that describes how the data are compiled and the sources of data.

There was a HIES survey conducted in 1996 to rebase the weight of the RPI. The detailed data are available for use in any poverty analysis. The population census information may also provide important contributions to measuring .

Data to Support Cross-checks and Assurance of Reasonableness:

Describe the kind and extent of detail of published data, the statistical frameworks (including accounting identities and statistical relationships), and the comparisons and reconciliations that are available to assist users in assessing the quality of the data.

III. Plans for Improvement

Describe short-term (in the next year) and medium-term (2-5 years) plans for making improvements in the data category and note any improvements that have been implemented in the past two years. Technical or other assistance needs that may be required for implementing these plans should also be noted, if applicable. If it has been determined that there are no shortcomings that need to be addressed, this determination should be explicitly stated.

Recent Improvements:

Short-Term Plans:

To conduct Household survey that will combine information needed to re-base the RPI, and at the same time collect poverty indicators.

Medium-Term Plans:

To develop poverty line for urban and rural Kiribati.

Technical Assistance/Financing Needs/Other Prerequisites:

Short-Term:

Financial assistance to fund the Household survey
TA to assist in the planning, monitoring and analysis of data from this H/h survey.

Medium-Term:

Some regional recommendations on poverty indicators and measurement techniques specifically for Pacific Island conditions

IV. Dissemination Formats

For each publication or data release, check the box corresponding to the frequency of release and indicate the title and language(s) on the next line. Identify an appropriate contact person, if different from first page.

Hard Copy:

News Release:

Publication:

Weekly:

Monthly:

Quarterly:

Annual:

Other:

Electronic:

Internet:

Other Online:

CD-ROM:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Diskette:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other (specify):	<input type="checkbox"/>
None:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>